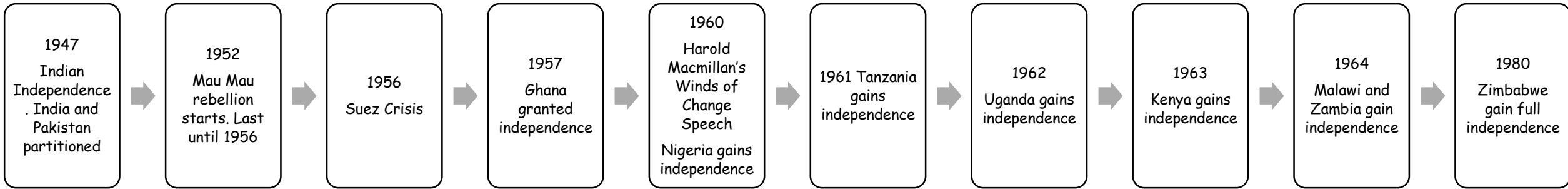


Knowledge Organiser: End of the British Empire

Theme: Empire

Concept: Cause and Consequence

Financial problems Issues relating to a lack of money	Changing attitudes Peoples' ideas and views about Empire in Britain
Role of individuals People who helped to influence actions and decisions	Opposition and resistance The way people in the colonies opposed British rule



Lesson 1 - Introduction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changes in the Empire before World War Two - loss of the American colonies, use of the army to stop uprisings Britain's changing role in the world and no longer seeing empire as important. 	Lesson 2 - India <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amritsar massacre British attitudes Impact of World War Two Role of Mahatma Gandhi and non-violent protest - Salt march 	Lesson 3 - African Independence <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Role of Kenyatta in the Mao Maa uprising in Kenya Nkrumah's role in challenging British control in Ghana and Ghanaian independence. Role of the Winds of Change speech. 	Lesson 4 - Consequences of the decline in Empire <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Role of the USA and the USSR in the supporting the countries Violence and conflict in India and Palestine Emergence of dictators in 'new' democracies
Lesson 5 - revision <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Applying learnt knowledge to the KO Applying knowledge to develop an example paragraph 	Lesson 6 - Assessment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Why did the British Empire end after World War Two? 	Lesson 7 - Commonwealth <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Links between former colonial countries Commonwealth of Nations Sport, Multiculturalism and Economics 	Lesson 8 - DIRT and decline of the French empire <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DIRT task based on assessment Research task on Indo-china and Algerian wars

Key words

Amritsar - holy city in India	Muslim League - an Indian independence party that wanted their own country for Muslims.	Suez canal - canal built by the British and French to join the Mediterranean and the Red Sea	Windrush generation - name given to West Indian immigrants to the UK after the boat called the Empire Windrush that transported them.	NATO - A military organisation set up to protect Europe and North America from communist expansion.	Empire - countries / lands controlled by another country	Independence - having full control of your own country	Commonwealth - grouping of former empire colonies that became independent but shared similar views about trade, human rights and peace
Massacre - killing lots of people	Mau Mau - a tribal group in Kenya	Kwame Nkrumah - first President of Ghana	Indian National Congress - an Indian independence party	Dominions - self-governing parts of the Empire	Finance - involving money	Partition - to split up	Jomo Kenyatta - first President of Kenya