Drama Knowledge Organiser

'Drama and Poetry' Year 7 – TERM 1

Subject Vocabulary

Still Image/Freeze Frame	Re-enact
Gesture	Role-play
Character	Devising
Narrator	Mime
Flashback	Stimulus













Learning Journey - What will I learn?

What a **Stimulus** is

Why **Poetry** is useful for Drama How to **Devise** from a stimulus

How to use **Still image** or **Freeze Frame** to represent an important moment

How to use **Narration** to address the audience and tell a story

The difference between **Mime** and **Gesture** when conveying meaning to an audience

How to use **Flashback** to highlight a change in time

How to **Re-enact** the events of a story to an audience

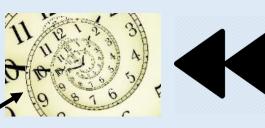
The difference between an actor and character in **role-play**

The importance of the **Audience**:

Can your audience **clearly see** you? Can your audience **clearly hear** you? Are your audience **entertained**?











Drama Knowledge Organiser

'Mime and Silent Movies' Year 7 – TERM 2

Subject Vocabulary

Comedy	Mime
Genre	Gesture
Neutral	Non-verbal Communication
Transition	Physical Theatre
Facial Expression	Placard













Learning Journey - What will I learn?

What a silent movie is

The evolution of **mime** and the skills required to perform in this style

How to use **gesture** and **non-verbal communication** in order to tell a story without speaking

About world renowned **actors** and **mime artists** and their impact on today's acting culture

(Charlie Chaplin & Laurel and Hardy)

How **comedy** is used in a silent movie

How to make your **audience** laugh using **body language** rather than voice

The importance of **placards** and how they are used in silent movies

How to use a **transition** from one scene to another in a stylised way

How to apply **freeze-frames** when **devising** your own silent movie.







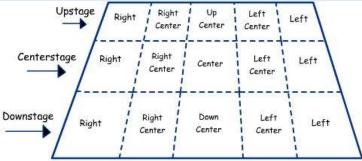


Drama Knowledge Organiser 'Presenting & Performing Text' KS3

Subject Vocabulary

Performance Devices	Narrator
Direct Address	Naturalism
Script	Design
Semiotics	Stage Directions
Workshop	Proxemics





AUDIENCE



CROSS-CUTTING

An editing technique by which two different actions take place in different locations parallely to create suspense or drama.





Learning Journey - What will I learn?

The playwrights intentions and vision for 'Ernie's Incredible Illucinations' and 'Face'

The characters within the play and their motivations/intentions. Explore characterisation through practical exercises

The value of assessment and performing to an audience 'off script' (Learning lines!)

How to **block** a scene and **direct** using a theatre layout

Script work:

- How to read with expression and sight read with confidence
- How to follow stage directions
- Understand the importance of punctuation for an actor (beat, pause, rhetorical questioning, ellipsis, italics etc)

How to rehearse and perform using key Drama Devices: Cross-cutting, **Direct Address, Narration & Stage** Whisper

How to use Nonverbal communication in order to communicate through the study of proxemics, gestures, facial expression, body language and eyecontact.





Italics – Information for the actor

Ellipsis ... - Dramatic pause/Cliff-hanger

Rhetorical Questions – Questions that do not require an answer

Beat - Pause/break in the script

